

ARIANTY HOLDINGS LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended 30 September 2022

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Sections of this Annual Report, including but not limited to the Directors' Report and the Strategic Report may contain forward-looking statements with respect to certain of the plans and current goals and expectations relating to the future financial condition, business performance and results of the Arianty Holdings Limited ('the Company'). These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. They use words such as 'anticipate', 'estimate', 'expect', 'intend', 'will', 'project', 'plan', 'believe', 'target' and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. These have been made by the directors in good faith using information available up to the date on which they approved this report, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements for any reason other than in accordance with its legal or regulatory obligations (including under the UK Market Abuse Regulation).

By their nature, all forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to future events and circumstances that are beyond the control of the Company and depend upon circumstances that may or may not occur in the future that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. There are also a number of factors that could cause actual future financial conditions, business performance, results or developments to differ materially from the plans, goals and expectations expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements and forecasts. As a result, you are cautioned not to place reliance on such forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results or otherwise.

These factors include, but are not limited to: material impacts related to foreign exchange fluctuations; macro-economic activity; the impact of outbreaks, epidemics or pandemics, and the extent of their impact on overall demand for the Company's services and products; potential changes in dividend policy; changes in government policy and regulation (including the monetary, interest rate and other policies of central banks and other regulatory authorities in the principal markets in which the Company operates) and the consequences thereof; actions by the Company's competitors or counterparties; third party, fraud and reputational risks inherent in its operations; the UK's exit from the EU; unstable UK and global economic conditions and market volatility, including currency and interest rate fluctuations and inflation or deflation; the risk of a global economic downturn; acts of terrorism and other acts of hostility or war and responses to, and consequences of those acts; technological changes and risks to the security of IT and operational infrastructure, systems, data and information resulting from increased threat of cyber and other attacks; general changes in government policy that may significantly influence investor decisions (including, without limitation, actions taken in support of managing and mitigating climate change and in supporting the global transition to net zero carbon emissions); societal shifts in customer financing and investment needs; and other risks inherent to the industries in which the Company operates.

Nothing in this Annual Report should be construed as a profit forecast.

STRATEGIC REPORT**BUSINESS REVIEW AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

Arianty Holdings Limited ('the Company') is a holding company. Its sole subsidiary is Arianty No.1 PLC ("ARI1").

During the year the Company operated in the United Kingdom, the principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries ('the Group') during the year under review are the provision of first mortgage loans secured on residential properties. The Group is both controlled by Paragon Banking Group PLC ('the Paragon Group') and included within the consolidated accounts of the group of companies headed by that company. There have been no significant changes in the Group's principal activities in the year under review. The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Group's activities in the next year.

Under the terms of the servicing agreement, Mortgage Trust Limited ("MTL") was appointed to service the mortgages. The business of MTL was transferred to Mortgage Trust Services Plc ("MTS") on 1 October 2003, under the novation agreement then dated, and consequently, since that date, MTS has been the servicer.

The Group's consolidated income statement is shown on page 13, the Company's loss after tax has decreased from £15,000 to £4,000. This was mainly due to lower operating expenses incurred during the current year.

The balance sheet on page 14 of the financial statements shows the value of investments the Company currently holds. Net liability position has increased due to the loss for the year. Details of amounts owed to other group companies are shown in note 11.

No interim dividend was paid during the year (2021: £nil). No final dividend is proposed (2021: £nil).

Paragon Group manages its operations on a centralised basis. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that further key performance indicators for the Company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company's primary financial assets and liabilities are with other group companies; therefore the directors do not consider that the Company is exposed to any significant cash flow, credit or liquidity risks.

The UK economy in the current year has been impacted by a number of significant pressures, initially the ongoing impacts of the Covid pandemic and latterly inflationary pressures, rising interest rates and geopolitical impacts resulting from Russian actions in Ukraine. These factors have caused major economic disruption within the UK and global economy with their ultimate impacts remaining uncertain, over both the short and longer terms.

GOING CONCERN

After considering the above, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group and the Company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Financial Statements.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)**BOARD AND STAKEHOLDERS**

The Board of the Company is mindful of its duty to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its shareholders (insofar as this is applicable to the Company as a securitisation entity) and to fulfil the Company's purpose. As a securitisation entity, the purpose of the Company is outlined in the applicable transaction documents. Notwithstanding this, Board decisions take account of the interests of all of the Company's stakeholders and, in particular, the interests of the Company's noteholders. The Board confirms that, for the year ended 30 September 2022, it has acted to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its members as a whole and continues to have due regard to the following matters insofar as they are applicable (as per section 172 of the Companies Act 2006):

- a. The likely consequences of any decision in the long-term
- b. The interests of the Group's employees
- c. The need to foster the Company's business relationships with suppliers, customers and others
- d. The impact of the Company's operations on the community and the environment
- e. The desirability of the Company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct
- f. The need to act fairly as between members of the Company

As part of the Paragon Group, stakeholder engagement, for stakeholder groups where there is substantial common identity between the non-shareholder stakeholders of the Company and of the Paragon Group, takes place at a Paragon Group level and the Company looks to Paragon Group initiatives for guidance and takes them into account in its decision making. The Company follows Paragon Group policies and procedures, including those relating to the fair treatment of customers, standards of business conduct, the environment, the community and other stakeholders insofar as they are applicable to the Company. More detail may be found in the 2020 Annual Report and Accounts of Paragon Banking Group PLC and its Responsible Business Report, both of which are available on the Paragon Banking Group PLC website.

As a securitisation entity the decision-making powers of the Board of Directors are limited. Key policies have been predetermined at the time of issuance and the operational roles have been assigned to third parties with their roles strictly governed by the transaction documents. However, in considering items of business the Board makes autonomous decisions on their own merits, with a view to promoting the long-term success of the Company, taking into account those factors set out in section 172 of the Companies Act 2006 insofar as they are relevant, and the stakeholders impacted by such decisions.

Board meetings are held periodically where the directors consider Company business, including its results and performance.

More information on the Company's impact on individual stakeholder groups is set out below.

SHAREHOLDERS

The Company has a single shareholder, Intertrust Capital Markets (UK) Limited which holds the entire share capital of the Company on a discretionary trust basis for the benefit of certain charities. However, the transaction documents limit this entity to a nominal interest in the risks and rewards of the business of the Company. The Company itself has only a nominal interest in the risks and rewards of the business of its subsidiary, ARI1 and those risks and rewards attach to non-equity securities and fall to their holders which are companies within the Paragon Group.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)**ENVIRONMENT**

The Paragon Group recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to reduce any impacts which might result from the Paragon Group's activities. The Company operates in accordance with group environmental policies, which are described in the Paragon Banking Group PLC Annual Report, which does not form part of this Report. Further information can also be found in the Paragon Group's 2022 Responsible Business Report (published on the Paragon Group website).

EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees. All operational services are provided by employees of the Paragon Group. The Paragon Group's employment policies are described in the Paragon Banking Group PLC Annual Report with supplementary information included in the Paragon Group's 2022 Responsible Business Report, neither of which forms part of this Report and both of which are available on the Paragon Group's website.

This Strategic Report has been drawn up and presented in accordance with, and in reliance upon, applicable English company law, in particular Chapter 4A of the Companies Act 2006, and the liabilities of the directors in connection with this report shall be subject to the limitations and restrictions provided by such law.

Approved by the Board of Directors
and signed on behalf of the Board



K G Allen

Director

17 February 2023

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their Annual Report prepared in accordance with Schedule 7 to the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the audited Financial Statements for Arianty Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales with registration no: 04062132, for the year ended 30 September 2022.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The directors have been charged with governance in accordance with the transactional documentation detailing the mechanism and structure of the transaction. The structure of the Group is such that the key policies have been predetermined at the time of issuance and the operational roles have been assigned to third parties with their roles strictly governed by the transaction documents.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the period and subsequently were:

R J Woodman

K G Allen

J P Giles

P H Whitaker

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES

The company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the period and remain in force at the date of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The directors have taken all reasonable steps to make themselves and the Company's auditor, KPMG LLP, aware of any information needed in preparing the audit of the Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year, and, as far as each of the directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provision of Section 418 (2) of the Companies Act 2006.

No notice from members under section 488 of the Companies Act 2006 having been received, the directors intend that the auditor, KPMG LLP, shall be deemed to be reappointed in accordance with section 487(2) of the Act.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

INFORMATION PRESENTED IN OTHER SECTIONS

Certain information required to be included in a directors' report by the Companies Act 2006 and regulations made there under can be found in the other sections of the Annual Report, as described below. All of the information presented in these sections is incorporated by reference into this Directors' Report and is deemed to form part of this report.

- Commentary on the likely future developments in the business of the Company is included in the Strategic Report
- A description of the Company's financial risk management objectives and policies, and its exposure to risks arising from its use of financial instruments are set out in note 13 to the accounts
- Disclosure on any dividends paid during the year is included in the Strategic Report

Approved by the Board of Directors
and signed on behalf of the Board



K G Allen

Director

17 February 2023

Registered Office: 51 Homer Road, Solihull, West Midlands, B91 3QJ

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ANNUAL REPORT, THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Group and parent Company financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare Group and parent Company financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they are required to prepare the Group financial statements in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards and applicable law and have elected to prepare the parent Company financial statements on the same basis.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and parent Company and of the Group's profit or loss for that period. In preparing each of the Group and parent Company financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable, relevant and reliable
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards;
- assess the Group and parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the parent Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Under applicable law and regulations, the directors are also responsible for preparing a Strategic Report and Directors' Report that complies with that law and those regulations.

Responsibility statement of the directors in respect of the annual financial report

We confirm that to the best of our knowledge:

- the financial statements, prepared in accordance with the applicable set of accounting standards, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole
- the strategic report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the issuer and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that they face

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ANNUAL REPORT, THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

We consider the annual report and accounts, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Group's position and performance, business model and strategy.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'K G Allen', written in a cursive style.

K G Allen

Director

17 February 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ARIANTY HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the Group and parent company's Financial Statements of Arianty Holdings Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 30 September 2022 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, Group and Company Balance Sheets, the Statement of Movement in Equity and related notes 1 to 16, including the accounting policies in note 15.

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 30 September 2022 and of the group's loss for the year then ended;
- the group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards;
- the parent Company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards and as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Group in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Group or the parent Company or to cease their operations, and as they have concluded that the Group and the parent Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over their ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Group's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Group and parent Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group or the parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Group or the parent Company will continue in operation.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF ARIANTY HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)**

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud (“fraud risks”) we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud.

Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors, Internal Audit and inspection of policy documentation as to the Group’s high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, including the Internal Audit function, and the Group’s channel for ‘whistleblowing’, as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- Reading Board minutes.
- Using analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

As required by auditing standards, taking into account possible pressures to meet profit targets and our overall knowledge of the control environment, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that the Group management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition.

We performed procedures including identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included those posted and approved by the same user and those including specific descriptors.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience, through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by auditing standards), and from inspection of the Group’s regulatory and legal correspondence and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Group is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies’ legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Group is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation or the loss of the Group’s license to operate. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: money laundering, financial crime, certain aspects of Group legislation recognising the financial nature of the Group’s activities and its legal form. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore, if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ARIANTY HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

Strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006, we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Group and/or the parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the Group and/or parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 7, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Group and parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF ARIANTY HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)**

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Group's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Group's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Group and the Group's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Michael Davidson (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

1 Sovereign Square

Sovereign Street

Leeds

LS1 4DA

17 February 2023

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

	Note	2022 £000	2021 £000
Interest receivable		1	1
Interest payable	2	(2)	(2)
Net interest expense		<u>(1)</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Operating expenses	3	(3)	(14)
Operating loss being loss on ordinary activities before taxation		<u>(4)</u>	<u>(15)</u>
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	6	-	-
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation		<u>(4)</u>	<u>(15)</u>

The loss for the current and preceding years relate entirely to continuing operations.

Interest receivable arises from financial assets held at amortised cost.

There are no other items of comprehensive income in either the current or preceding years.

GROUP AND COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS

30 SEPTEMBER 2022

	Note	Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000	Company 2022 £000	Company 2021 £000
ASSETS EMPLOYED					
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Investment in subsidiary undertakings	8	12	12	12	12
CURRENT ASSETS					
Other receivables	9	18	18	18	18
Cash and cash equivalents		-	-	-	-
		<u>18</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>18</u>
Total assets		<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>
FINANCED BY					
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT					
Called up share capital	10	-	-	-	-
Profit and loss account		(23)	(19)	(23)	(19)
Total equity		<u>(23)</u>	<u>(19)</u>	<u>(23)</u>	<u>(19)</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Other liabilities	11	53	49	53	49
		<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>

These financial statements of the Group and Company (registered number 04062132) were approved by the Board of Directors on 17 February 2023.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors



K G Allen

Director

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

Group and Company

	Share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000
<i>Total comprehensive income for the year</i>			
Loss for the year	-	(4)	(4)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(4)	(4)
Opening equity	-	(19)	(19)
Closing equity	-	(23)	(23)

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**Group and Company**

	Share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000
<i>Total comprehensive income for the year</i>			
Loss for the year	-	(15)	(15)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(15)	(15)
Opening equity	-	(4)	(4)
Closing equity	-	(19)	(19)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS**YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022****1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

Arianty Holdings Limited ('the Company') is a company domiciled in the United Kingdom and incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006 with company number 04062132. The address of the registered office is 51 Homer Road, Solihull, West Midlands, B91 3QJ. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic Report.

The Company and its subsidiary entities ('the Group'), are both controlled by Paragon Banking Group PLC and included within the consolidated accounts of the Group headed by that company ('the Paragon Group').

These financial statements are presented in pounds sterling, which is the currency of the economic environment in which the Company operates.

The remaining notes to the accounts are organised into three sections:

- Analysis – providing further analysis and information on the amounts shown in the primary financial statements
- Financial Risk – providing information on the Company's management of its principal financial risks
- Basis of preparation – providing details of the Company's accounting policies and of how they have been applied in the preparation of the financial statement

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The notes set out below give more detailed analysis of the balances shown in the primary financial statements and further information on how they relate to the operations, results and financial position of the Company.

2. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000
Interest payable to group companies	-	-
Interest payable to related parties	2	2
Total interest on financial liabilities	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
Other finance costs	-	-
	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

All interest payable on financial liabilities relates to financial liabilities held at amortised cost.

3. OPERATING EXPENSES

	Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000
Operating profit is after charging:		
Other administrative costs (note 4)	3	2
Auditor remuneration (note 5)	-	12
	<u>3</u>	<u>14</u>

The Group utilises employees and facilities of the Paragon group in its operations, and hence has no employees of its own.

The Company's audit fee for the current year of £1,000 was paid by the ultimate parent company, Paragon Banking Group PLC.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

4. KEY MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION

Directors' fees from the Group during the year is listed below:

	Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000
Directors' fees	3	2

The Group had no employees in the current period. All administration is performed by employees of related companies under the servicing agreement. The directors of the Company, with the exception of P H Whitaker, are employed by Paragon Finance PLC, a fellow group company, and their remuneration is disclosed within the financial statements of that company, which do not form part of this Report.

5. AUDITOR REMUNERATION

The analysis of fees payable to the Company's auditors and their associates, excluding irrecoverable VAT, required by the Companies (Disclosure of Auditor Remuneration and Liability Limitation Agreements) Regulations 2008 is set out below.

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Audit fee of the company	-	12
Other services		
Audit of subsidiary undertakings pursuant to legislation	-	-
Total fees	-	12
Irrecoverable VAT	-	-
Total cost to the Group	-	12

Fees paid to the auditors and their associates for non-audit services to the Company are not disclosed because the consolidated accounts of the Paragon Group are required to disclose such fees on a consolidated basis.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

6. TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

	Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000
Current tax		
Group relief	-	-
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	-	-
Total current tax	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred tax	-	-
Tax charge on loss on ordinary activities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom of 19% (2021: 19.0%). The differences are explained below:

	Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000
Loss before tax	<u>(4)</u>	<u>(15)</u>
UK corporation tax at 19.0% (2021: 19.0%) based on the loss for the year	(1)	(3)
Effects of:		
Creation of losses	1	3
Prior year charge	-	-
Tax charge for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK applicable to the Company in the period was 19.0% (2021: 19.0%), based on currently enacted legislation. During the previous period, legislation was substantively enacted that will increase the rate to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

7. LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS OF ARIANTY HOLDINGS LIMITED

The Company's loss after tax for the financial year amounted to £4,000 (2021: loss after tax of £15,000). A separate income statement has not been prepared for the Company under the provisions of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006.

The Company has no other items of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 September 2022 and the year ended 30 September 2021

8. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

Valuation	Group & Company 2022 £000	Group & Company 2021 £000
At 1 October 2021	12	25
Disposal	-	(13)
At 30 September 2022	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>

Listed below is the subsidiary company of the Group which is incorporated in England and Wales:

Company	Principal activity	Description of shares held	Proportion of nominal value of issued shares held	Year end Status
Arianty No.1 PLC	Mortgage warehouse	Ordinary £1 shares	100%	Trading

During the preceding year the Company's subsidiary, First Flexible No.5 PLC was dissolved.

During the year ended 30 September 2022 the Company received £nil (2021: £nil) in dividend income from its subsidiaries.

The registered office of each of the entities listed in this note is the same as that of the Company (note 1).

9. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000	Company 2022 £000	Company 2021 £000
Current assets				
Amounts due from group companies	18	18	18	18
	<u>18</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>18</u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

10. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Company 2022 £	Company 2021 £
Allotted:		
1 ordinary share of £1 (fully paid)	1	1

11. OTHER LIABILITIES

	Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000	Company 2022 £000	Company 2021 £000
Current liabilities:				
Amounts due to group companies	-	-	-	-
Amounts owed to related parties (note 12)	53	37	53	37
Accruals and deferred income	-	12	-	12
	<u>53</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>49</u>

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group has identified the following transactions which are required to be disclosed under the terms of IAS 24 - 'Related Party Disclosures' ('IAS 24').

Transactions with Paragon Banking Group PLC (PBG)

At the balance sheet date PBG, a Company under common control as defined by IAS 24, was owed £53,000 (2021: £37,000) by the Company in relation to payments made on behalf of the Company, which is included in other liabilities.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS – FINANCIAL RISK

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The note below describes the processes and measurements which the Company use to manage their exposure to financial risks including credit, liquidity, interest rate and foreign exchange risk.

13. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's primary financial assets and liabilities are with other group companies; therefore, the directors do not consider that the Company is exposed to any significant cash flow, credit or liquidity risks.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS – BASIS OF PREPARATION**YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022**

The notes set out below describe the accounting basis on which the Company prepare their accounts, the particular accounting policies adopted by the Company and the principal judgements and estimates which were required in the preparation of the financial statements.

They also include other information describing how the accounts have been prepared required by legislation and accounting standards.

14. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The Company is required, by the Companies Act 2006, to prepare its financial statements for the year ending 30 September 2022 in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards. In the financial years reported on this also means, in the Company's circumstances, that the financial statements also accord with IFRS as approved by the International Accounting Standards Board.

In previous periods financial statements had been prepared under EU endorsed IFRS, however the change of framework does not change the substance of the requirements applying to the Company and no prior-year restatement of the financial statements is required.

The particular accounting policies adopted have been set out in note 15.

The Company, as a company with wholly owned subsidiaries is required to prepare accounts under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006. However, due to restrictions on the Company's control of the assets and liabilities of its subsidiary company, the criteria for the inclusion of the subsidiary in the consolidated accounts set out in IFRS 10 – 'Consolidated Financial Statements' are not met. Hence the group accounts of the Company are the same as its individual company accounts.

Adoption of new and revised reporting standards

In the preparation of these financial statements, no new accounting standards are being applied for the first time.

Standards not yet adopted

There are no standards and interpretations in issue but not effective which address matters relevant to the Company's accounting and reporting.

15. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The particular accounting policies applied are described below.

Accounting convention

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Going concern

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 September 2022 have been prepared on the going concern basis, as defined in IAS 1 – 'Presentation of Financial Statements'. In order to prepare financial statements on this basis the directors must conclude that the management does not intend to liquidate the Company or cease trading, and that the Company has the ability to continue to trade and will be able to satisfy its liabilities as they fall due. Particular focus is given to the Group's financial forecasts to ensure the adequacy of resources available for the Company to meet its business objectives on both a short term and strategic basis.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS – BASIS OF PREPARATION**YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022****15. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)****Going concern (continued)**

The Group has a formalised process of budgeting, reporting and review. The Group's planning procedures forecast its profitability, capital position, funding requirement and cash flows on a company by company basis.

In compiling the most recent forecast, for the period commencing 1 October 2022, particular attention was paid to the potential consequences of the uncertain economic outlook for the UK on the Group's operations, customers, funding and prospects, both in the short and long term. These considerations include the increased cost of living, rising interest rates and the impacts of Russia's intervention in Ukraine, as well as the long-term after effects of the Covid pandemic. To evaluate these impacts a number of different scenarios with impacts of varying duration and severity were examined. In common with the Group's approach to IFRS 9, the economics used in the forecasting process were updated in October 2022 based on updated external projections.

On the basis of this analysis, the directors have concluded that the Company is able to continue as a going concern for at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements and that therefore it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of these financial statements.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated accounts deal with the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 30 September 2022.

Fixed assets – investments in subsidiaries

The investment in the subsidiary companies is shown at cost less provision for impairment.

Amounts owed by or to group companies

The balances owed by or to other group companies are carried at the current amount outstanding less any provision.

Cash and cash equivalents

Balances shown as cash at bank in the balance sheet comprise demand deposits and short-term deposits with banks with initial maturities of not more than 90 days.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period and takes into account taxation deferred because of temporary differences. Temporary differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements.

Revenue

The revenue of the Group comprises interest receivable and other income. The accounting policy for the recognition of each element of revenue is described separately within these accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS – BASIS OF PREPARATION

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

16. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent undertaking is Intertrust Capital Markets (UK) Limited who holds the entire share capital of the Company on a discretionary trust basis for the benefit of certain charities. The directors regard Paragon Banking Group PLC as the ultimate controlling party.

The smallest and largest group in which the Company is consolidated is that of the Paragon Banking Group PLC.

Copies of the consolidated financial statements may be obtained from the Secretary, 51 Homer Road, Solihull, West Midlands, B91 3QJ.